THE SYMBOLIC IMAGES OF THE OLD TESTAMENT PROPHETS

| Judgment Fulfilled |
|---|
| hful Humiliated, abused The Bride restored to her Bridegroom |
| Jeremiah Jeremiah 3:1b-2; 4:30-31; Ezekiel 16:23-61; 23:35-49; Amos 4:7-12; 8; Hosea 2:4-15 Promise: Isaiah 54:6-8; Hosea 2:16-25 Fulfilled: John 3:28-29; 2 Corinthians 11:2; Ephesians 5:25: 27; Revelation 19:7-9; 21:2; 9; 22:17 |
| grow Weeds overgrow Vines are replanted/ |
| fails to vineyard/tree fruitfulness of tree |
| ood fruit produces bad fruit; restored |
| 21; 8:13; Micah :7, 11-12 |
| e yoke; Ravaged by wild Animals (sheep) |
| y and beasts/birds of prey rescued by their Master |
| ronomy ah 50:6; Hosea 8:1-14; 13:6-8 Promise: Ezekiel 34 Fulfilled Matthew 11:28-30; John 1:29, 36; 10:1-18; Revelation 5:6, 13; 7:9-17; 14:1-10; 19:2-9; 21:9-23; 22:1-3 |
| g drunk Loss of wine; Rejoicing in the best |
| drinking the "cup of "new wine" at the |
| God's wrath" Master's table |
| 2; 28:1, 7- 25:27-28; Jeremiah 13:12-14; Jeremiah 13:12-14; 25:15-31; 49:12; 51:6-7; 48:26; Ezekiel 23:31-34; Joel Promise: Zechariah 9:15-16 Fulfilled: Matthew 26:27; Mark 14:24; Luke 22:19-20; 1 Corinthians 11:23-32; Revelation 19:7-9 |
| 4:13; Habakkuk 2:16 sed 2012), www.AgapeBibleStudy.com |
| sss sss si; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; |

Each of the image groups consists of four parts:

- ◆ Part I: Yahweh and His people enter into a covenant relationship. Yahweh will bind this people to Himself in the blessings of security and prosperity in return for obedience to the covenant of the Torah (first five books of Moses).
- Part II: Israel, the covenant people ignore the Laws of the covenant; they rebel by going their own way.
- ◆ Part III: God sends His holy prophet to call His people back to Him. Failing in this mission, the prophet calls down a Covenant Lawsuit (riv) which results in covenant curses—redemptive punishment meant to bring about repentance and restoration.
- Part IV: In response to repentance, Yahweh reaches out to restore His covenant people and take them back into the fullness of His covenant relationship.

MAJOR OLD COVENANT PROPHETS: 9th CENTURY BC – 1st CENTURY AD (all dates approximate)

| PROPHET | DATE OF | MINISTRY | HISTORICA | SCRIPTURAL TEXT |
|----------------|---------------------------|------------|------------------|---|
| OF | MINISTRY | NATION | L PERIOD | SCIUI TORAL TEXT |
| YAHWEH | (approximate) | NATION | LIERIOD | |
| ELIJAH | 873-853 BC | Israel | Assyrian | 1 Kings 17-2 Kings 2:15 |
| ELISHA | 853-793 BC | Israel | Empire | 1 Kings 19:1 – 2 Kings 13:21 |
| OBADIAH | ?848-841 BC | Edom | | 2 Kings 8:16-24; 2 Chronicles 21:1-20; |
| | | | | Book of Obadiah |
| JONAH | 782-753 BC | Assyria | | 2 Kings 13:10-25; 14:23-29; Book of |
| | | | | Jonah |
| AMOS | 783-743 BC | Israel | | 2 Kings 14:23 -15:7; Book of Amos |
| HOSEA | 783-732 BC | Israel | | 2 Kings 14:23-18:12; Book of Hosea |
| ISAIAH | 740-680 BC | Judah | (- | 2 Kings 15:1-20:21; 2 Chronicles 26:16 |
| | | | (Exile | – 32:22; Book of Isaiah |
| MICAH | 735-700 BC | Judah | Northern | 2 Kings 15:32 – 19:37; 2 Chronicles |
| | | | Kingdom of | 27:1 –32:23; Book of Micah |
| ZEPHANIAH | 640-609 BC | Judah | Israel 722BC) | 2 Kings 22:1-2; 2 Chronicles 34:1-7; |
| | | | | Book of Zephaniah |
| NAHUM | 614 BC | Assyria | | 2 Kings 21:1-18; 2 Chronicles 33:1-20; |
| | (2 (20 (20) | | | Book of Nahum |
| JEREMIAH | 626-586 BC | Judah | | 2 Kings 22:3 – 25:30; 2 Chronicles 34:1 |
| | | | | - 36:21; Book of Jeremiah |
| HABAKKUK | 605-597 BC | Judah | Babylonian | 2 Kings 23:31 – 24:7; 2 Chronicles |
| | | | Empire | 36:1-8; Book of Habakkuk |
| EZEKIEL | 593-571 BC | Exiles of | (Conquers | 2 Kings 24:8-25:30; 2 Chronicles 36:9- |
| BARUCH | 582 BC | Judah | Assyria 606 | 21; Book of Ezekiel |
| | | in Babylon | BC) | |
| BARUCH | 582 BC | Judah | | 2 Kings 24:8-25:30; 2 Chronicles 36:9- |
| | | | | 21; Book of Baruch |
| DANIEL | 605-535 BC | Exiles in | 70 year exile | 2 Kings 23:34-25:30; 2 Chronicles 36:4- |
| | | Babylon & | Judah | 23; Book of Daniel |
| | | Persia | Persian | |
| HAGGAI | 520 BC | Judah | Empire | Ezra 5:1-6:16; Book of Haggai |
| ZECHARIAH | 519-480 BC | Judah | (Persians defeat | Ezra 5:1-6:15; Book of Zechariah |
| MALACHI | 450 BC | Judah | Babylon | Nehemiah 13:1-31; Book of Malachi |
| JOEL | ?8 th cent. BC | Judah | 538BC) | Book of Joel; Acts 2:16-21 |
| | ?400 BC | | Judah returns | |
| | | | from exile | |
| | | | 537BC | |
| | | | Greek | 1 |
| | | | Empire of | |
| | | | Alexander the | |
| | | | Great 336- | |
| | | | 323BC | |
| | | | Hellenistic | |
| | | | 323-63 BC | |
| YEHOHANAN | AD 28 - 29 | Judea | Roman | Luke 1-9:9 Matthew 3:1-14:12; Mark |
| ben Zechariahs | | | Empire | 1:4-6:28 |
| (John the | | | | |
| Baptist) | | | | |

Scripture mentions 11 Prophetesses of the Old and New Testaments: 10 true and 1 false

| Prophetess | Scripture Reference | | | |
|---|-----------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Miriam, sister of Moses | Exodus 15:20 | | | |
| Deborah Judge & Prophetess | Judges 4:4 | | | |
| Hulda | 2 Kings 22:14; 2 Chronicles 34:22 | | | |
| Isaiah's wife | Isaiah 8:3 | | | |
| Noadiah | Nehemiah 6:14 | | | |
| New Testament Prophetesses | | | | |
| Anna | Luke 2:36 | | | |
| Philip's four daughters | Acts 21:9 | | | |
| "Jezebel" the False | Revelation 2:20 | | | |
| Prophetess | | | | |
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